COUNTY COUNCIL OF PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY, MARYLAND 2012 Legislative Session

Bill No.	CB-42-2012
Chapter No.	81
Proposed and Presente	ed by Council Member Toles
Introduced by	Council Members Toles, Davis, Franklin, Lehman and Turner
Co-Sponsors	
Date of Introduction	October 23, 2012
	BILL
AN ACT concerning	
	Loitering
For the purpose of ame	ending the Loitering Ordinance and providing for a written warning for the
first offense; increasing	g penalties for the second, third and subsequent written offenses;
providing for a certain	length of time for return; and generally relating to loitering.
BY repealing and reena	acting with amendments:
	SUBTITLE 14. MORALS AND CONDUCT.
	Section 14-139.03,
	The Prince George's County Code
	(2011 Edition).
SECTION 1. BE	IT ENACTED by the County Council of Prince George's County,
Maryland, that Section	14-139.03 of the Prince George's County Code be and the same is hereby
repealed and reenacted	with the following amendments:
	SUBTITLE 14. MORALS AND CONDUCT.
DIVISION 5	OFFENSES AGAINST PUBLIC SAFETY AND MORALS.
Sec. 14-139.03. Loite	ring.
(a) In this Section	n, "loiter" means for a person to:
(1) Remain	on a public street, sidewalk, or pathway, including one privately-owned
but used by the public	in general, so as to obstruct the free passage of a pedestrian or vehicle
after a regular or speci	al police officer has notified the person that the action is unlawful and has
requested the person to	move:

1 2

- (2) Remain in or on a vehicle on a public street, sidewalk, or pathway, including one privately-owned but used by the public in general, so as to obstruct the free passage of a pedestrian or vehicle after a regular or special police officer has notified the person that the action is unlawful and has requested the person to move;
- (3) Refuse or fail to leave a private business, commercial establishment, or parking lot that is posted with conspicuous "No Loitering" signs if the business or establishment is not open for business, and the person has been requested to leave by the owner, the owner's agent, or a regular or special police officer, unless the person:
 - (A) Has written permission from the owner, lessee, or operator to be present; or
- (B) Is window-shopping under conditions and at a time of the day or night that would be considered conducive to that activity;
- (4) Refuse or fail to leave a private business or commercial establishment that is open for business, or a parking lot of the business or establishment, after having been requested to do so by the owner or the owner's agent;
- (5) Refuse or fail to leave a public building, public grounds, or a public recreational area, or a parking lot of a public building, public grounds, or a public recreational area, after being requested to do so by a regular or special police officer or by a regularly employed guard, watchman, or other authorized employee of the agency or institution responsible for the public building, public grounds, recreational area, or parking lot if the circumstances indicate that the person has no apparent lawful business or purpose to pursue at that place;
- (6) Return, for no apparent lawful business or purpose, to the same public or private property from which the person was asked to leave [within 24 hours before] and not return for 30 days.
- (b) This Section does not prohibit picketing or orderly demonstration by labor unions or members of the public.
- (c) A person who loiters is guilty of a misdemeanor and, on conviction, is subject to:
- (1) For the first <u>written</u> offense, [a fine not exceeding \$100 or imprisonment not exceeding 10 days, or both;] <u>a written warning requesting an individual to move; and</u>
- (2) For a [subsequent] <u>second written offense</u>, a fine not exceeding \$500 or imprisonment not exceeding 30 days, or both; <u>and</u>

- (3) For a third written offense and subsequent written offenses, a fine not exceeding \$1,000 or imprisonment not exceeding 30 days, or both.
- (d) No person shall be charged with a violation of this Section unless and until the arresting officer has first warned the person of the violation and the person has failed or refused to stop the violation.

SECTION 2. BE IT FURTHER ENACTED that the provisions of this Act are hereby declared to be severable; and, in the event that any section, subsection, paragraph, subparagraph, sentence, clause, phrase, or word of this Act is declared invalid or unconstitutional by a court of competent jurisdiction, such invalidity or unconstitutionality shall not affect the remaining words, phrases, clauses, sentences, subparagraphs, paragraphs, subsections, or sections of this Act, since the same would have been enacted without the incorporation in this Act of any such invalid or unconstitutional word, phrase, clause, sentence, subparagraph, subsection, or section.

SECTION 3. BE IT FURTHER ENACTED that this Act shall take effect forty-five (45) calendar days after it becomes law.

Adopted this <u>20th</u> day of <u>November</u> , 2012.			
	COUNTY COUNCIL OF PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY, MARYLAND		
BY	:		
	Andrea C. Harrison Chair		
ATTEST:			
Redis C. Floyd Clerk of the Council	APPROVED:		
DATE: BY	:Rushern L. Baker, III County Executive		