# COUNTY COUNCIL OF PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY, MARYLAND 2012 Legislative Session

Bill No.	CB-88-2012		
Proposed and Presented	by Council Member Campos		
Introduced by	Council Member Campos		
Co-Sponsors			
Date of Introduction	October 23, 2012		
BILL			
AN ACT concerning			
	Eviction Requirements		
For the purpose of amending the eviction provisions for notification, removal and placement or			
tenant property and land	lord responsibility in Prince George's County; and generally relating to		
evictions.			
BY repealing and reenac	ting with amendments:		
	SUBTITLE 13. HOUSING AND PROPERTY STANDARDS.		
	DIVISION 3. LANDLORD-TENANT REGULATIONS.		
	SUBDIVISION 2. LANDLORD-TENANT CODE		
	Section 13-164		
	The Prince George's County Code		
(2007 Edition, 2010 Supplement)			
BY adding:			
	SUBTITLE 13. HOUSING AND PROPERTY STANDARDS.		
	DIVISION 3. LANDLORD-TENANT REGULATIONS.		
	SUBDIVISION 2. LANDLORD-TENANT CODE		
	Sections 13-165, 13-166 13-167, 13-168 and 13-169		
	The Prince George's County Code		
	(2007 Edition, 2010 Supplement)		
SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED by the County Council of Prince George's County,			
Maryland, that Section 13-164 of the Prince George's County Code be and the same is hereby			

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repealed and reenacted with amendments:

# SUBTITLE 13. HOUSING AND PROPERTY STANDARDS. DIVISION 3. LANDLORD-TENANT REGULATIONS. SUBDVISION 2. LANDORD-TENANT CODE

## Sec. 13-164. Evictions[; Placement of abandoned property].

- (a) This subsection shall apply to commercial properties in the County. After a warrant of restitution is executed, the landlord shall dispose of the property of a tenant. In no event may any of the tenant's property be placed on a public right-of-way or on any public property. Any property removed from the leased commercial property pursuant to a properly issued warrant of restitution shall be deemed abandoned.
- (b) [If the tenant or the tenants' agent is present at the time the warrant of restitution is executed, the tenant shall be permitted to salvage and transport the tenant's property removed from the leased premises, after the warrant of restitution is executed, for a reasonable period of time, not to exceed four hours.] The requirement to provide notice under Sec. 13-165 of this subdivision applies only to a judgment entered in favor of a landlord for possession of a residential dwelling under §8-401 of the State Real Property Article.
  - (c) This section shall not apply to County owned property.

SECTION 2. BE IT ENACTED by the County Council of Prince George's County, Maryland, that Sections 13-165, 13-166, 13-167,13-168 and 13-169 of the Prince George's County Code be and the same are hereby added:

#### Sec. 13-165. Notification by Landlord

- (a) Whenever a judgment is entered in favor of the landlord for possession of a leased dwelling, the landlord shall notify the tenant of the date of which the warrant of restitution is first scheduled to be executed by the County Sheriff, and within the sixty (60) days required under State Real Property Article §8-401(d(1))(ii) and (iii).
  - (b) The notice shall be:
- (1) by first-class mail with certificate of mailing at least fourteen (14) calendar days before the first scheduled date of execution; and
- (2) posted on the premises in a conspicuous location at least seven (7) calendar days before the first scheduled date of execution.
  - (c) The notice shall contain:

- (1) the District Court Summary Ejectment Case Number, the tenant's name, and the address of the leased dwelling;
- (2) specify the date on which the eviction is first scheduled by the County Sheriff to be executed;
  - (3) state that the eviction will be executed on that date unless:
    - (i) the tenant moves out and returns control of the property to the landlord, or
- (ii) the tenant exercises the right to redemption under State Real Property Article §8-401(e), unless the right to redeem has been foreclosed or otherwise is inapplicable.
- (4) warn the tenant that any personal property left in or on the premises of the leased property will be considered abandoned and may be disposed of by the landlord;
- (5) state that it is the final notice of the date of the eviction, even if the eviction date is postponed by the County Sheriff or the Court.
- (d) A landlord, or their agent, shall not harass, threaten or mislead a tenant nor post written documents or notice, except those required by law or court order, that an eviction has been scheduled prior to a warrant of restitution being granted or a summary ejectment order has been issued. A landlord, or their agent, in violation of this provision shall be subject to the penalties listed in Sec. 13-168 of this subdivision.

## Sec. 13-166. Failure to provide notice; postponement.

- (a) The District Court, in addition to where authorized under State Real Property Article §8-401(d)(2)(i), may vacate the warrant of restitution if the Court finds that the landlord did not provide the notice to the tenant required by Sec. 13-165 of the subdivision.
- (b) If the landlord provides to the District Court or the County Sheriff a copy of the notice, a certificate of mailing, and a signed affidavit by the person who posted the property, all of which are dated within the time period required under Sec. 13-165 of the subdivision, there is a presumption that the notice was received by the tenant.
- (c) The County Sheriff may postpone the execution of the warrant of restitution, where there is a dispute as to whether the landlord provided the notice to the tenant require by Sec. 13-165 of the subdivision, and refer the matter back to the District Court for a determination.

# Sec. 13-167. Abandoned property; disposal; placement; reclaimed.

(a) After a warrant of restitution is executed, any tenant's personal property in and about the property not removed from the leased premises pursuant to a properly issued warrant of

restitution shall be deemed abandoned and it shall be the responsibility of the landlord to remove and dispose of the abandoned property by any legal means.

- (b) Neither the landlord nor their agents acting on their behalf pursuant to a properly issued warrant of restitution shall be liable for any loss or damage to abandoned property except in the case of gross negligence or malice.
- (c) In no event may any of the abandoned property be placed on a public right of way, on any public property, or on the exterior of the leased premises or private property.
- (d) If the tenant or the tenants' agent is present at the time the warrant of restitution is executed, the tenant shall be permitted to salvage and transport the tenant's personal property in and about the leased premises for a period of up to four (4) hours after the warrant of restitution is executed.
- (e) A landlord, or their agent, may not demand or require any payment of the tenant or the tenant's agent for the reclamation of the of the tenant's personal property under subsection (d) above.

#### Sec. 13-168. Penalties.

Any person who violates any provision of the Sec. 13-165 or Sec. 13-167 of this subdivision may be guilty of a misdemeanor, subject to imprisonment of up to six (6) months, and a fine of not more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000.00) for each offense.

#### Sec. 13-169. Leases. notification.

A landlord, or their agent, shall notify a tenant of the provisions of Sec. 13-165, 13-166 and 13-167 by providing an addendum for all new leases and any renewals of leases signed by the landlord and the tenant.

SECTION 3. BE IT FURTHER ENACTED that the provisions of this Act are hereby declared to be severable; and, in the event that any section, subsection, paragraph, subparagraph, sentence, clause, phrase, or word of this Act is declared invalid or unconstitutional by a court of competent jurisdiction, such invalidity or unconstitutionality shall not affect the remaining words, phrases, clauses, sentences, subparagraphs, paragraphs, subsections, or sections of this Act, since the same would have been enacted without the incorporation in this Act of any such invalid or unconstitutional word, phrase, clause, sentence, subparagraph, subsection, or section.

SECTION 4. BE IT FURTHER ENACTED that this Act shall take effect forty-five (45) calendar days after it becomes law.

Adopted this day of	, 2012.		
	COUNTY COUNCIL OF PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY, MARYLAND		
	BY:Andrea C. Harrison Chair		
ATTEST:			
Redis C. Floyd Clerk of the Council	APPROVED:		
DATE:			
	Rushern L. Baker, III County Executive		
KEY: <u>Underscoring</u> indicates language added to existing law.  [Brackets] indicate language deleted from existing law.  Asterisks *** indicate intervening existing Code provisions that remain unchanged.			